## **Corrections**

In the article "Dopamine Acts as a Partial Agonist for  $\alpha$ 2A Adrenoceptor in Melanin-Concentrating Hormone Neurons," by Christian O. Alberto, Robert B. Trask, and Michiru Hirasawa, which appeared on pages 10671–10676 of the July 20, 2011 issue, the authors wish to point out that after the submission of their manuscript, Conductier and colleagues (2011) published a report describing that  $\alpha$ 2 receptors mediate the effect of dopamine on melanin-concentrating hormone neurons. Their findings of a concentration-dependent activation of GIRK channels by dopamine in this cell type are consistent with our report.

## Reference

Conductier G, Nahon JL, Guyon A (2011) Dopamine depresses melanin concentrating hormone neuronal activity through multiple effects on α2-noradrenergic, D1 and D2-like dopaminergic receptors. Neuroscience 178:89–100.

In the article "Neural Crest and Ectodermal Cells Intermix in the Nasal Placode to Give Rise to GnRH-1 Neurons, Sensory Neurons, and Olfactory Ensheathing Cells" by Paolo Emanuele Forni, Carol Tayor-Burds, Vida Senkus Melvin, Taylor Williams and Susan Wray, which appeared on pages 6915–6927 of the May 4, 2011 issue, the authors regret that one author's name was spelled incorrectly: "Taylor Williams" should have read "Trevor Williams".