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Cover picture: Rat lumbar motoneurons labeled with horseradish peroxidase and viewed with darkfield illumination. The 40 μ frozen section was reacted with tetramethyl benzidine, counterstained with neutral red, and photographed at 40 power magnification. See Brushart, pp. 2730–2738.

Erratum: On the first page of the table of contents of the April 1993 issue of this Journal, an author's name was misspelled. The correct name of the first author of "Vulnerability of Oligodendroglia to Glutamate: Pharmacology, Mechanisms, and Prevention," beginning on p. 1441, is "A. Oka." The publisher regrets the error.

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Erratum: In the article "Single Mossy Fiber Axonal Systems of Human Dentate Granule Cells Studied in Hippocampal Slices from Patients with Temporal Lobe Epilepsy," by M. Isokawa et al. (*J Neurosci* 13:1511–1522, April 1993), some data were misaligned in Table 3. The table is reprinted correctly below; note the data for Patient G in the ML column. The publisher regrets the error.

Table 3. Relationships between mossy fiber arborization patterns and other neuropathological findings in the dentate gyrus

Patient	Age (yr)	Sex	Age at seizure onset (yr)	Hilar cell loss	Granule layer cell loss	Mossy fiber reorganization detected by:	Intracellularly stained neurons	Mossy fibers in: Hilus	GL	ML	Filopodia
A	36	F	21	0%	21–32% (27 ± 5.5 SEM)	Timm's staining	#1 (B)	x (pl)			
							#2 (B)	x			
B	24	F	4	5%	38–46% (42 ± 4.0 SEM)	Timm's staining	#1 (B)	x			
							#2 (B)	x			
							#3 (B)	x (pl)			
C	44	M	31	0%	35–48% (42 ± 6.5 SEM)	Dynorphin staining	#1 (LY)	x	x (pl)		x
D	29	F	2.5 (convulsion, 10 months)	50%	42–46% (44 ± 2.0 SEM)	Dynorphin staining	#1 (LY)	x			
E	38	F	13	43–50% (4.7 ± 3.5 SEM)	30–52% (38 ± 5.1 SEM)	Dynorphin staining	#1 (LY)	x			x
							#2 (LY)	x		x	x
F	19	F	1.2	65%	50–51% (51 ± 0.5 SEM)	Dynorphin staining	#1 (LY)	x			
							#2 (B)	x (pl)			
G	29	F	5 d (forceps delivery, seizure at birth)	75%	58–66% (62 ± 4.0 SEM)	Timm's and dynorphin staining	#1 (B)	x		x (pl)	
							#2 (B)	x (pl)		x (pl)	
							#3 (B)	x (pl)		x	
H	25	M	10	24–75% (50 ± 25.5 SEM)	53–78% (62 ± 5.6 SEM)	Dynorphin staining	#1 (B)	x	x (pl)		
							#2 (LY)	x		x	x
I	15	F	3 (febrile seizure, 1.3 yr)	75%	68–73% (62 ± 9.0 SEM)	No data	#1 (LY)	x			
							#2 (LY)	x	x		
J	30	F	1.5	No data	No data	No data	#1 (B)	x (pl)	x (pl)		

Neuropathological information was made available from the data base for UCLA Epilepsy Surgery Program. When cell count was done in more than two locations, the range and the average with SEM are shown. GL, granule cell layer; ML, molecular layer; pl, plexus; B, biocytin-filled neuron; LY, Lucifer yellow-filled neurons.