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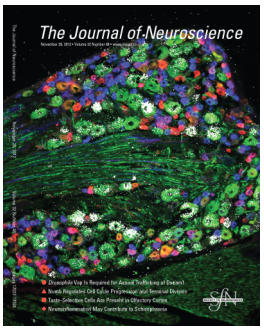

Cover legend: A transverse section of a rat lumbar dorsal root ganglion stained with fluorescent markers to distinguish sensory neuron subpopulations involved in the pain pathway. Large myelinated mechanoreceptive neurons are positive for neurofilament-200 (green), while small neurons are divided into peptidergic (red) and non-peptidergic (blue) nociceptors expressing calcitonin gene-related peptide or isolectin B4, respectively. The image is overlaid with radioactive *in situ* hybridization for Kv9.1 mRNA (silver grains over cells), illustrating selective expression of this potassium channel subunit in large neurons, where it exerts a critical role in myelinated fiber hyperexcitability and chronic pain. For more information, see the article by Tsantoulas et al. (pages 17502–17513).

Correction: The article "Artificial CSF Motion Ensures Rhythmic Activity in the Developing CNS *Ex Vivo*: A Mechanical Source of Rhythmogenesis?" by Blaise Yvert, Claire Mazzocco, Sébastien Joucia, Adeline Langla, and Pierre Meyrand appeared on pages 8832–8840 of the June 15, 2011 issue. A correction for that article appears on page 17524.

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